





Diverse Regions: Building Resilient Communities and Territories

Sunday 15th – Wednesday 18th June 2014: Dokuz Eylül University Faculty of Business, Izmir, Turkey

SPECIAL SESSION CALL FOR PAPERS

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'The Green Economy, Knowledge Dynamics and Regional Development Policy' Code SS4

Session Organisers:

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The green economy, green growth and sustainable development are related concepts that are partly overlapping and not always clearly defined. The green economy is closely linked to innovation of goods, services and processes, e.g. in relation to clean energy and production processes, the reduction of waste, but also to organisational systems and behavioural changes that contribute to sustainable development. The role of policies at all levels from the local to the global also has a strong bearing on the concepts, and green growth and the green economy are significant concepts for the EU, OECD and the UN. The Europe 2020 strategy 'Smart, sustainable and inclusive growth' is an example of a holistic approach aiming at an integration of ecological and social sustainable goals with goals of economic growth, where the regional level is at the heart of the matter.

An important concept for understanding the green economy is the concept of knowledge dynamics, which stresses that changes in knowledge and learning are driving forces behind innovation. Knowledge dynamics are increasingly cross-sectoral, multi-actor and multi-scalar. A broad perspective on innovation, recognising that innovation relates to goods, services and processes and is not 'only' about technology and natural scientific knowledge, is applied. Cross-sectoral knowledge interactions draw on different disciplines, industries and expertise, whereas multi-actor knowledge interactions involve different actors such as researchers, producers, consumers, the civil society and public policy makers. Multi-scalar knowledge interactions highlight the fact that local and regional networks of interactions between actors are not sufficient. Innovation involves knowledge relations between regions, countries and continents. Cross-sectoral, multi-actor and multi-scalar knowledge interactions often play important roles for more radical innovations rather than for incremental changes in goods and services. Radical innovations will likely allow us to achieve sustainability goals such as climate change adaptation. There are strong similarities between the knowledge dynamics literature and that of eco-innovation that stress the diversity that characterises eco-innovation, user-involvement in innovation processes and the need for policy interactions e.g. public-private collaboration and market interactions.

We welcome papers that address green economy issues particularly in relation to knowledge dynamics and regional development matters. Such issues include topics in relation to restructuring of the economy/greening of the economy, policy supporting transitions, and eco-innovations to mention a few. Can climate change challenges act as drivers for innovation of products, services and processes, contributing to sustainable development? Can traditional industries such as the forestry based value chain be transformed to a bio based economy? How can regional development policies be designed to contribute to smart, sustainable and inclusive growth? Are new types of green economy innovation systems being developed through knowledge interactions across sectors, scales and actors?

Anyone interested in participating in the session should register for the conference before February 24th 2014 by visiting http://www.regionalstudies.org/conferences/conference/regional-studies-association-european-conference-2014 and follow the link.